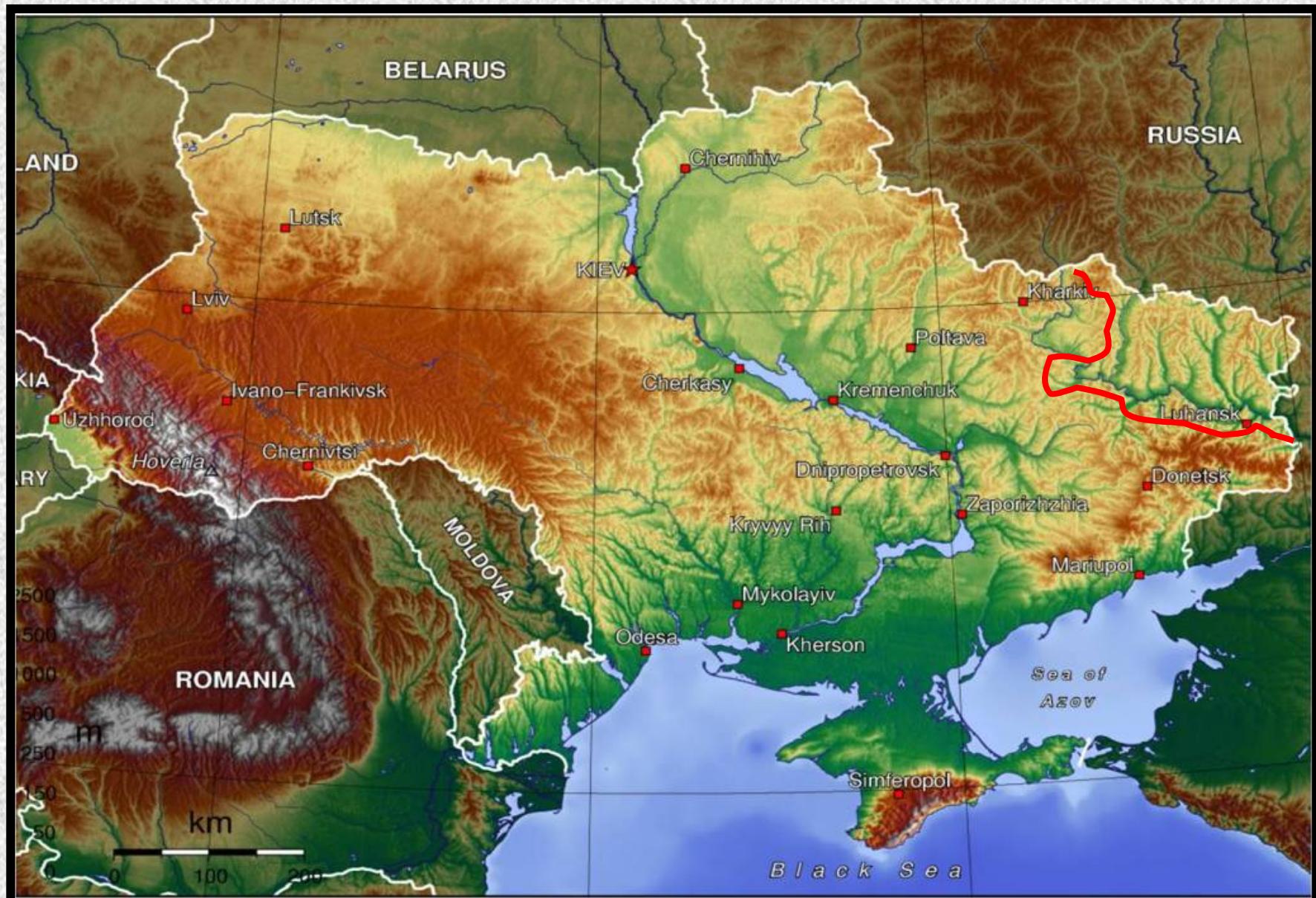


BIODIVERSITY OF THE CHALK GRASSLANDS OF EASTERN UKRAINE AND THE PROBLEMS OF ITS CONSERVATION



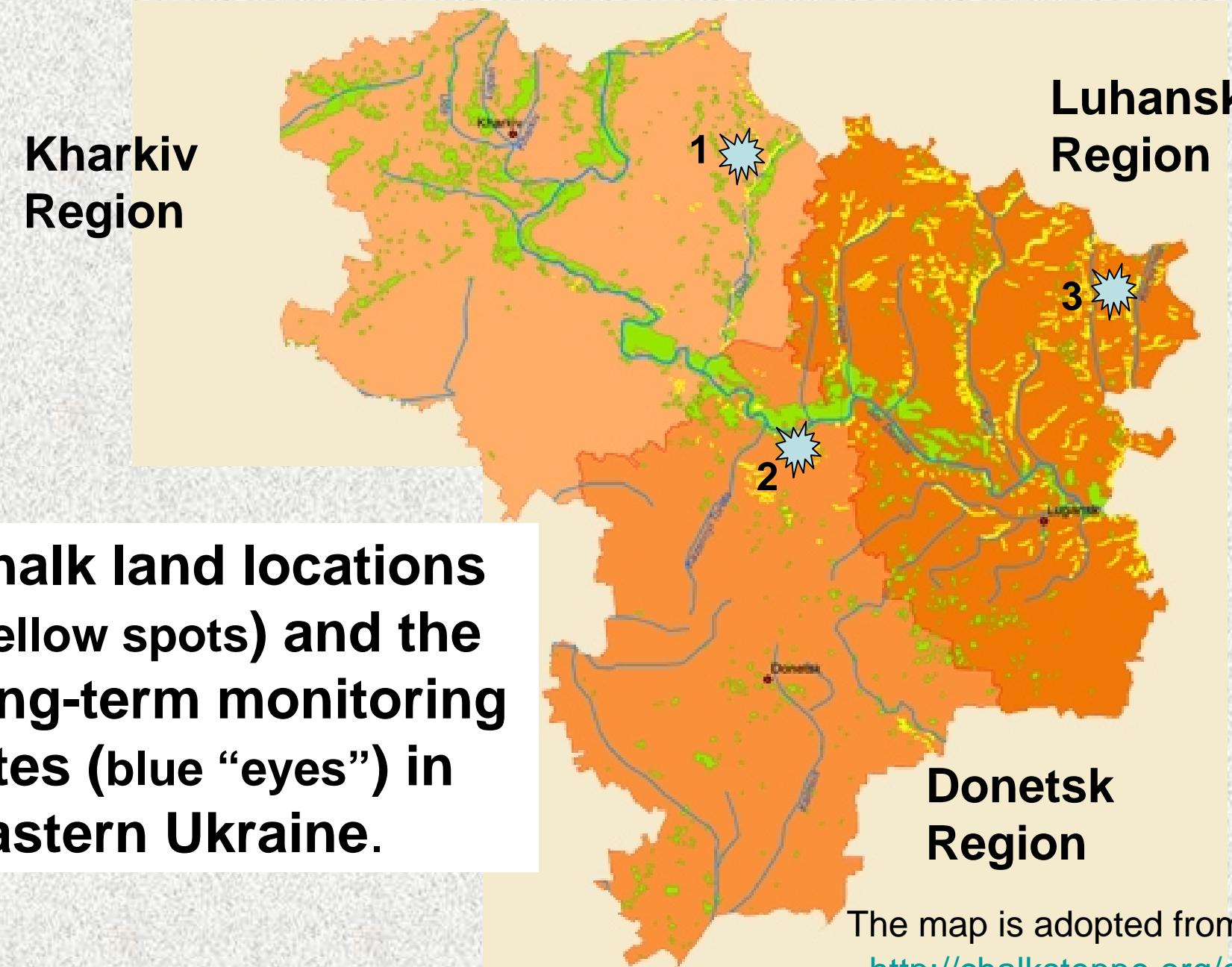
*N. Polchaninova, G. Savchenko, V. Ronkin, L. Borovyk,
V. Kletenkin, S. Limanskij (Kharkiv, Luhansk, Donetsk regions)*

Study area. In the south of the Central Russian Upland and in the north of the Donets Ridge, chalk outcrops are located on the high right riverbanks in the Don River basin



**Kharkiv
Region**

**Luhansk
Region**



1

*National Nature Park
Dvorichanskyi
(Kharkiv Region)*



Quadrocopter,
photo: A.Typikov

*Department of the Ukrainian
Steppe Reserve “**Kreidova
Flora**” (Donetsk Region)*

2



Quadrocopter,
photo: A.Typikov

Botanical preserve of local importance

3

“Kreidiani Vidslonennia”
(Luhansk Region)



photo: N. Polchaninova

**Chalky cliffs and
monolithic blocks**

*Regional Landscape Park
“Kramatorskyi” (Donetsk Region)*



photo A.Typikov

“Kreidiani Vidslonennia”

Chalky screes

photo: N. Polchaninova

Dvorichanskyi Park

Partly overgrown chalky slopes



photo V.Kletenkin

pioneer species of chalky screes

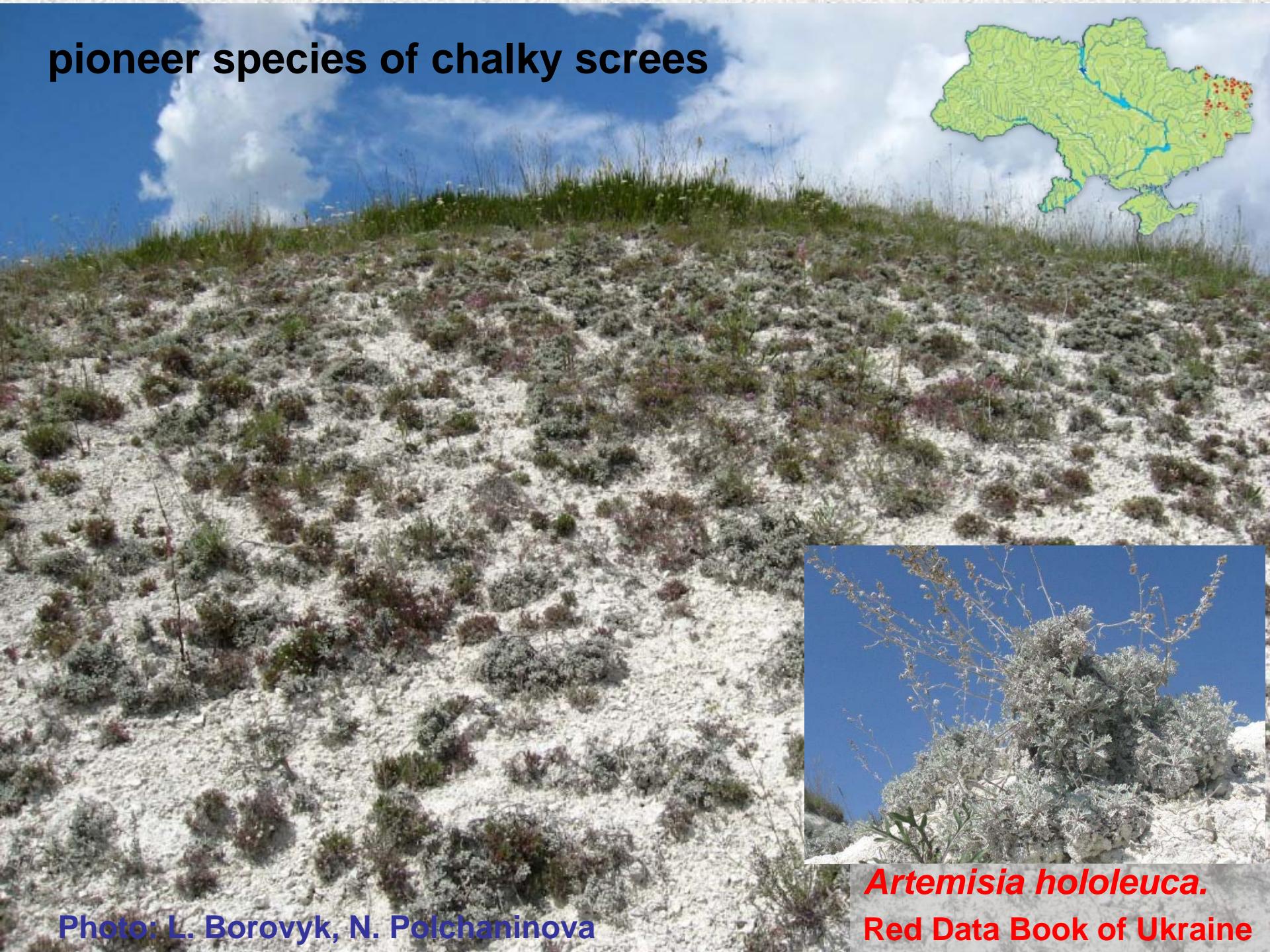


Photo: L. Borovyk, N. Polchaninova

Artemisia hololeuca.
Red Data Book of Ukraine

pioneer species of chalky screes



Hyssopus cretaceus
RDB of Ukraine

Photo: L. Borovyk, A. Typikiv

“Hyssop flora” of southern origin

pioneer species of chalky screes



"Hyssop flora"*, *Thymus cretaceus

Photo: L. Borovvk



“Lower Alpine” planta

Androsace koso-poljanskii



RDB of Ukraine



Agriades pyrenaicus ergane (monophagous Androsace-related subspecies, endemic of the Central Russian Upland, south-west boundary of the range)



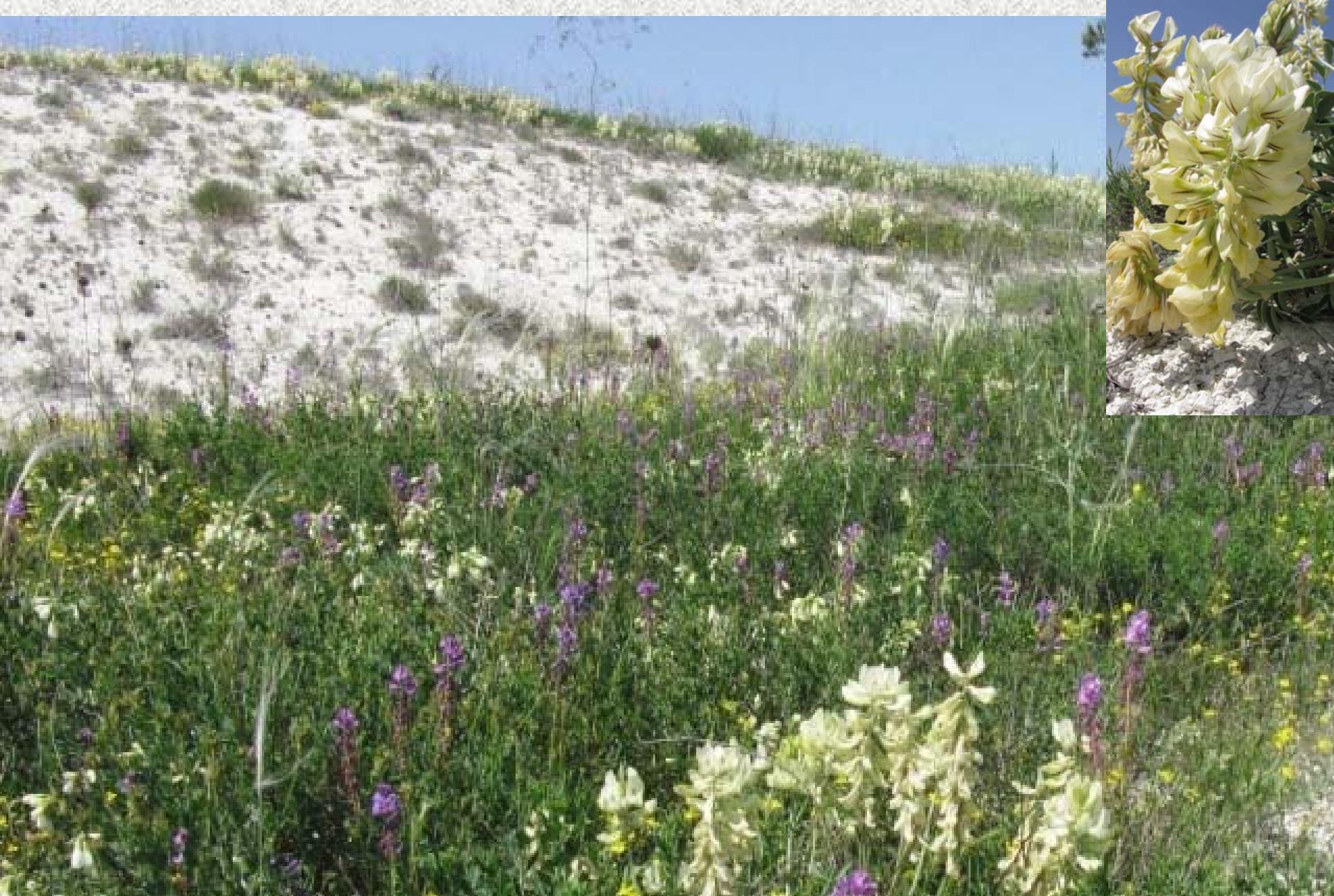
Hedysarum cretaceum.



RDB of Ukraine, eastern
boundary of geographical
range



Photo: N. Polchaninova



Further overgrowing stages: *Hedisarum grandiflorum*, *Polygala cretacea*.
Photo: N. Polchaninova



Further overgrowing stages: *Polygala cretacea*, *Onosma tanaitica*, *Stipa* spp. Photo: N. Polchaninova



Linum ukrainicum



Photo: S. Limanskii, V. Bonkin



Helianthemum cretaceum

RDB of Ukraine

Photo: S. Limanskij



Being distributed in the forb-bunchgrass steppes, the *Crambe tataria* becomes a narrow chalky roadside specialist. Dvorichanskyi Park, photo: V. Ronkin



Scrophularia cetacea

Rare species

Bern Convention – 3

European Red List – 11

Red Data Book, Ukraine – 26

Endemics of the Don River basin – 14

Silene cretacea



Matthiola fragrans,

58 obligate and facultative chalk associated plants

Artemisia salsoloides



Red Data Book of Russia

714 insect species have been recorded from the abovementioned monitoring sites



Euphydryas aurinia

Photo E. Karolinskyi

Rare species but not chalk grassland specialists



Dorcadion equestre

Photo V. Kletenkin



Spider fauna

Left Bank Ukraine **721** species

Eastern Ukraine - **582** species

Calcareous lands **184** species

Chalk grasslands – **106** species

Spider species richness in the different steppe types in Left Bank Ukraine

families	Steppe type					total
	chalk	limestone	granite	forb-bunchgrass		
Theridiidae	12 12,0%	11 7,5%	12 9,4%	20 10,6%	22 9,6%	
Linyphiidae	5 5,0%	10 6,3%	10 7,8%	27 14,3%	28 12,3%	
Araneidae	10 10,0%	11 7,5%	7 5,5%	13 6,9%	15 6,6%	
Lycosidae	14 14,0%	13 10,0%	12 9,4%	19 10,1%	21 9,2%	
Gnaphosidae	17 17,0%	22 21,3%	27 21,1%	25 13,2%	41 18,0%	
Thomisidae	11 11,0%	14 11,3%	14 10,9%	17 9,0%	18 7,9%	
Salticidae	11 11,0%	19 17,5%	16 12,5%	29 15,3%	36 15,8%	
Others	20 20,0%	20 18,8%	30 23,4%	39 20,6%	47 20,6%	
Total	106 100%	120 100%	128 100%	189 100%	228 100%	

An example of species with different geographical ranges which meet in the chalk grasslands (Kharkiv Region)



Gnaphosa lugubris

West-Central Palaearctic



Gnaphosa Itaurica

Eastern Ancient Mediterranean.

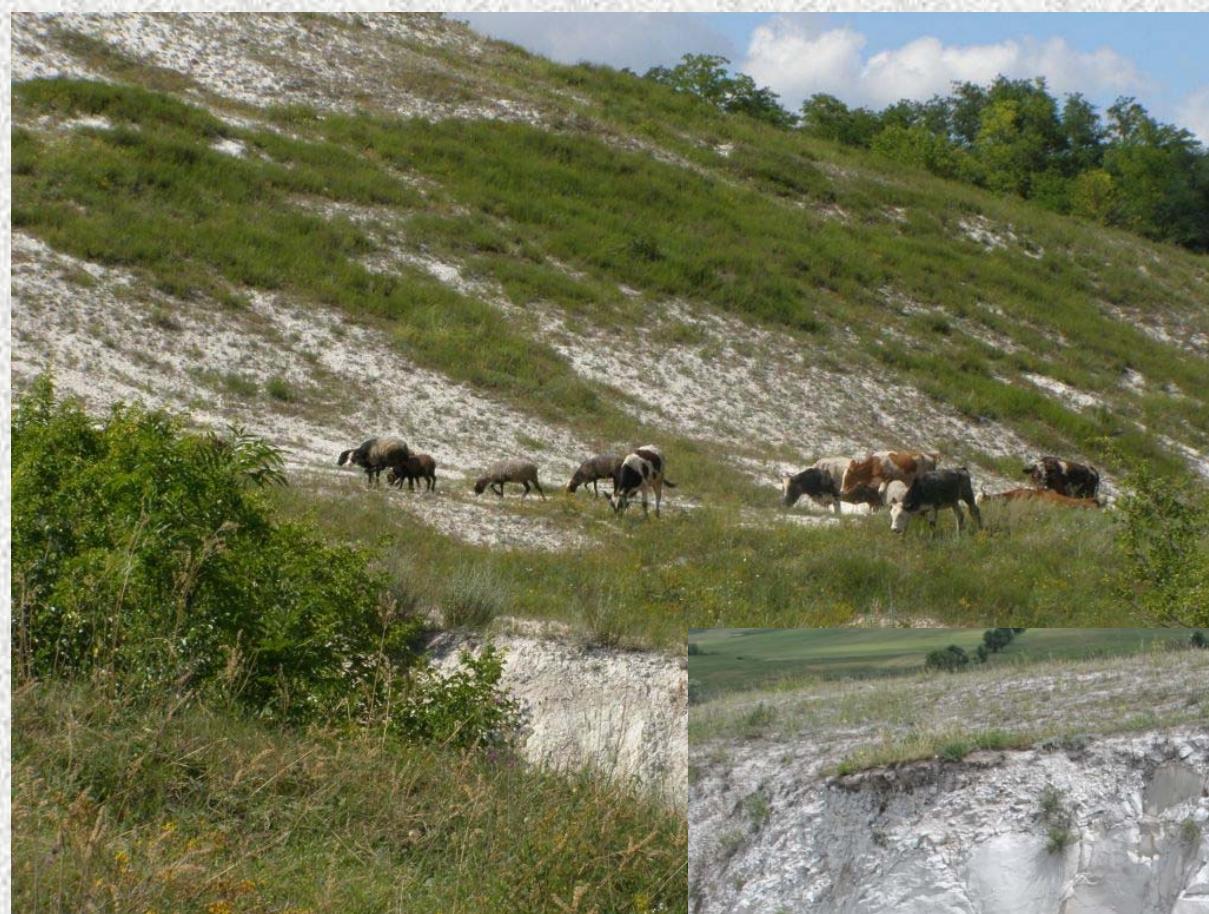


Breathtaking views, beautiful flowers, rare and endemic species..

What is the problem?

Chalk land ecosystems are highly disturbance-dependent. Obligate specialist species require chalky crumb or loose white chalk with initial patches of organic matter. Both over- and under treatment results in their extinction.

Traditional chalk land use – grazing and quarries.



1990

Kreidova Flora



2002



2012



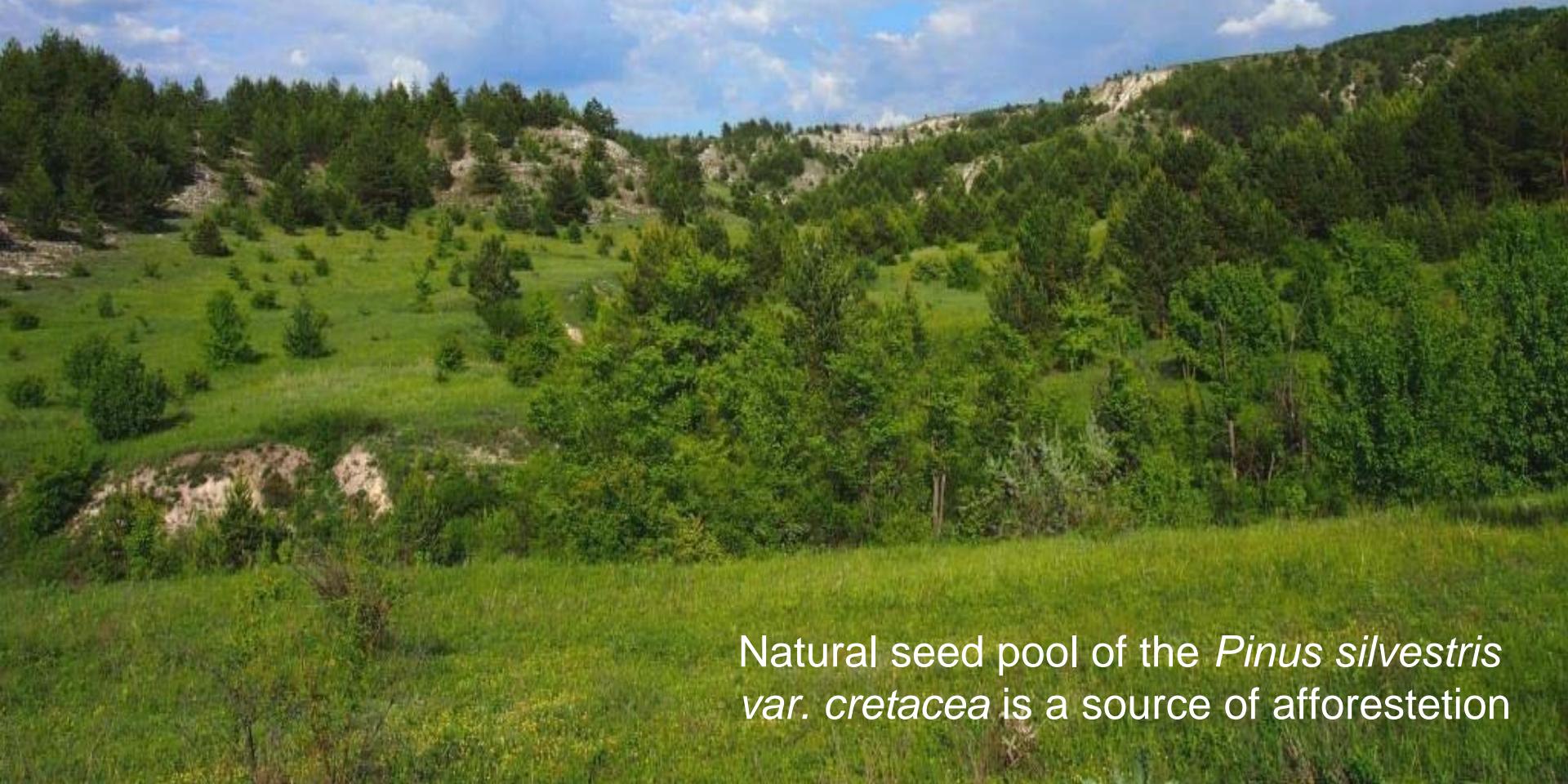
Photo: S. Limanskij

Kreidova Flora 2000

Pine seeds germinate on the former cattle path ways



Kreidova Flora



Natural seed pool of the *Pinus sylvestris* var. *cretacea* is a source of afforestation

Dvorichanskyi Park 2015



Kreidiani Vidslonennia



Encroachment of an invasive species, *Ulmus pumila*. Photo Ņ L.Borovyk

Who is to blame and what is to be done?

There were no practice of a nature-friendly use of chalk lands in Ukraine. Up to mid 1990s, they suffered from overgrazing, man caused afforestation and quarrying, now they are mainly abandoned. The challenging tasks ahead are to choose appropriate disturbance in order to maintain chalky habitats: moderate cattle + sheep grazing and/or prescribed patched burning.



Our friendly team



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Galina Savchenko



Vladimir Ronkin

Thank you for your atte-e-e-n-tion!

